# **GUÍA RÁPIDA DE LA PLATAFORMA NBER**



Descripción: Ofrece investigaciones económicas y divulga los resultados de investigaciones entre académicos, responsables de políticas públicas y profesionales de negocios. Los investigadores afiliados a NBER estudian una amplia gama de temas y emplean muchos métodos diferentes en su trabajo. Las áreas temáticas incluyen nuevas mediciones estadísticas, estimación de modelos cuantitativos de comportamiento económico y análisis de los efectos de las políticas públicas.

Enlace de uso:

https://www.nber.org/

## PASOS PARA UTILIZAR LA PLATAFORMA NBER

Paso #1. Ingrese a la página principal de NBER

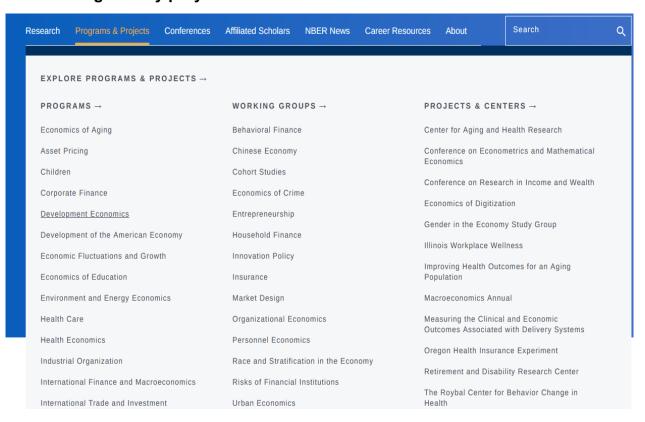


Paso #2. Explore las distintas secciones en las cuáles puede realizar búsquedas

## 1. Investigación

Research	Programs & Projects	Conferences	Affiliated Scholars	NBER News	Career Resources	About		Search	Q	
EXPLO	DRE RESEARCH →									
FINDIN	FINDINGS		PERIODICALS		DATA & BUSINESS CYCLES		TOPICS			
Working	Working Papers		The Digest		Boston Research Data Center		COVID-19			
Books &	Books & Chapters		The Reporter		Business Cycle Dating			US-China Trade		
Lecture	S	The Bulletin on Retirement and Disability		d Public	Public Use Data Archive			Energy		
Intervie	ews		etin on Health					Entrepreneurship		
			als Archive				Grow	th and Productivity		

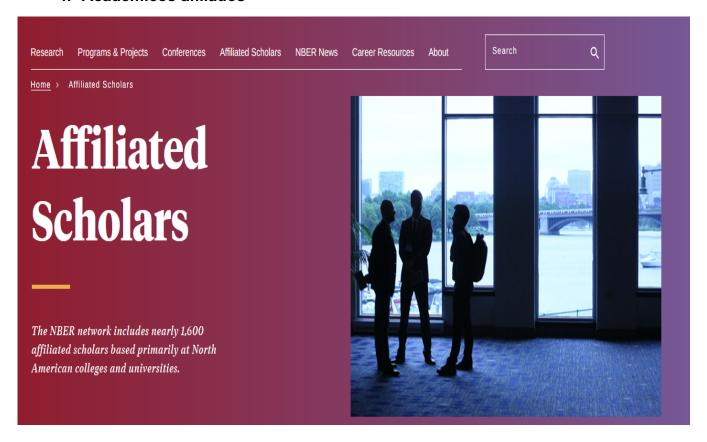
## 2. Programas y proyectos



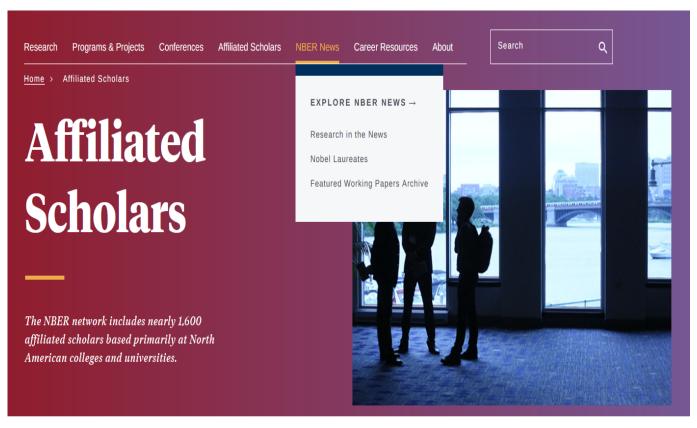
### 3. Conferencias



### 4. Académicos afiliados



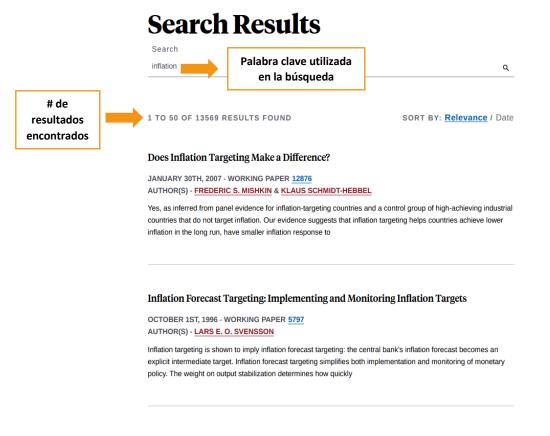
5. Noticias de la Oficina Nacional de Investigación Económica (NBER)

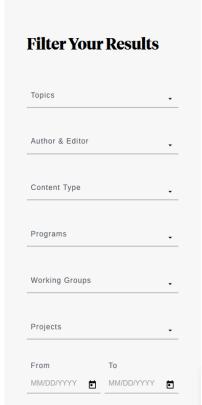


Paso #3. Realización de búsqueda utilizando la barra de búsqueda principal



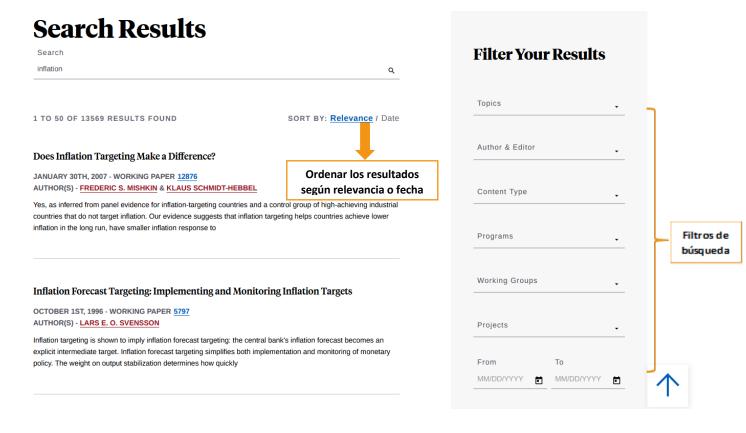
#### Paso #4. Visualización de los distintos resultados



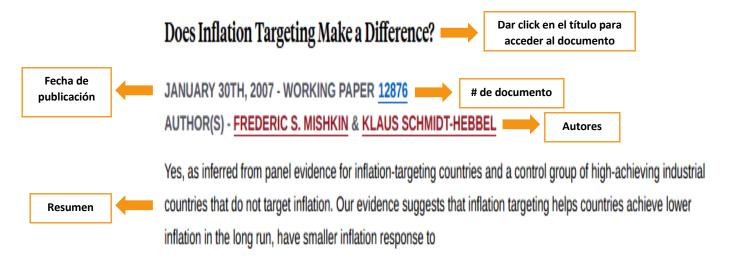




## Paso #5. Identifique en los resultados la barra de filtros



Paso #6. Selección del documento de interés



## Paso #7. Funciones que brinda el documento

# **Does Inflation Targeting Make a Difference?**

## Frederic S. Mishkin & Klaus Schmidt-Hebbel



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Yes, as inferred from panel evidence for inflation-targeting countries and a control group of high-achieving industrial countries that do not target inflation. Our evidence suggests that inflation targeting helps countries achieve lower inflation in the long run, have smaller inflation response to oil-price and exchange-rate shocks, strengthen monetary policy independence, improve monetary policy efficiency, and obtain inflation outcomes closer to target levels. Some benefits of inflation targeting are larger when inflation targeters have achieved disinflation and are able to make their inflation targets stationary. Despite these favorable results for inflation targeting, our evidence generally does not suggest that countries that adopt inflation targeting have attained better monetary policy performance relative to our control group of highly successful non-inflation targeters. However, inflation targeting does seem to help all country groups to move toward performance of the control group. The performance attained by industrial-country inflation targeters generally dominates performance of emerging-economy inflation targeters and is similar to that of industrial non-inflation targeting countries.

